

Physical Quantities: Dimensions and Units

Quantities	Dimensions	MKS and CGS Units
mass	mass	<u>MKS</u> : kilograms (kg) <u>CGS</u> : grams (gm or g)
distance, depth, length, height, width	distance	<u>MKS</u> : meters (m) <u>CGS</u> : centimeters (cm)
time	time	seconds (sec or s)
temperature	temperature	Kelvin (K) and Centigrade (degrees C)
area	distance × distance	<u>MKS</u> : m ² <u>CGS</u> : cm ²
volume	distance × distance × distance (<i>i.e.</i> , distance ³)	<u>MKS</u> : m ³ <u>CGS</u> : cm ³
density	mass/volume (<i>i.e.</i> , mass/distance ³)	<u>MKS</u> : kg/m ³ <u>CGS</u> : gm/cm ³
speed; velocity (motion) (rate of change of position)	distance/time	<u>MKS</u> : m/s <u>CGS</u> : cm/s
acceleration (rate of change of an object's velocity with respect to time)	(distance/time)/time (<i>i.e.</i> , distance/time ²)	<u>MKS</u> : m/s ² <u>CGS</u> : cm/s ²
force ("push" or "pull" that can change an object's motion) (Note that <u>weight</u> is just a special case of a force—the force of gravity)	mass × acceleration <i>or</i> mass × distance/time ²	<u>MKS</u> : kg × m/s ² (Newton) <u>CGS</u> : gm × cm/s ² (dyne)

Quantities (cont'd)	Dimensions	MKS and CGS Units
<p>pressure (collective force exerted by random molecular collisions against each unit of area of an object's surroundings)</p>	<p>force/area <i>or</i> (mass × distance/time²)/area <i>or</i> energy/volume</p>	<p><u>MKS</u>: N/ m² <i>or</i> (kg × m/s²)/m² (Pascal) <u>CGS</u>: dyne/cm²</p>
<p>work (force times distance over which the force is applied to an object as the object moves under the influence of the force); energy (the capacity to do work)</p>	<p>force × distance <i>or</i> mass × acceleration × distance <i>or</i> pressure × volume</p>	<p><u>MKS</u>: Newton × m <i>or</i> kg × m²/s² <i>or</i> Pa × m³ (Joule) <u>CGS</u>: dyne × cm <i>or</i> gm × cm²/s² (erg)</p>
<p>power (energy transferred or gained or lost per unit time)</p>	<p>energy/time <i>or</i> force × distance/time <i>or</i> force × velocity <i>etc.</i></p>	<p><u>MKS</u>: J/s <i>or</i> N × m/s <i>or</i> kg × (m/s²) × m/s (Watt) <u>CGS</u>: erg/s</p>
<p>energy flux (rate at which energy is transferred, absorbed, or lost per unit time per unit surface area)</p>	<p>(energy/time)/area <i>or</i> force × (distance/time)/area <i>etc.</i></p>	<p><u>MKS</u>: (J/s)/m² <i>or</i> W/m² <u>CGS</u>: (erg/s)/cm²</p>